











APPENDIX	19:	Emer	gency	Shutdov	wn Sce	enarios



Emergency shutdown scenarios EfW – Plant (07.09.17_extract of main interlock list)

No	Plant section	Event	Possible causes	Consequences / Measures	Emissions or other impacts
1	Waste handling / boiler	Overpressure in combustion chamber	e.g. Gas cylinder hidden in waste	Plant trip: Combustion air blowers stop and Primary air flaps close immediately Burners stop (if running) Waste feed and grate stop ID fan to minimal speed	Minor instant gas exit (overpressure typically only some seconds, boiler / flue gas path is widely air-tight), but remaining waste on grate still smouldering may release some pollutants (CO, VOC) not treatable in APC. All flue gas pass the fabric filter; particles, acids, heavy metals and larges organic molecules still absorbed and separated in APC
2	Waste handling / boiler	Load and / or temperature drop	Blockage in waste feed hopper	Burners will switch on; operator to analyse and decide whether the problem can be solved or a regular shut-down is needed	No emission issue, APC remains in operation
3	Boiler	Boiler drum low	Feed water pump failure or big boiler leak	As in scenario 1	As in scenario 1
4	APC	Bag failure (fabric filter)	Poor quality (bags or mounting)	Leakage – dust emission Dust sensor downstream filter triggers Alarm; control unit indicates the concerned chamber and bag row; operator has to isolate affected chamber; plant staff to open cover lid and change broken bag; after repair, normal operation	Only minor impact for limited time (typically, no half-hourly ELV exceeded) Plant operation with 1 isolated chamber possible for up to 24 h
5	APC	Emission exceedance	e.g. additive feed blockage	Emission exceedance triggers alarm; switch to redundant feeding device; repair blocked feeder	No, since preventive measures are implemented
6	General	ID fan trip	e.g. frequency converter failure	As in scenario 1	As in scenario 1
7	General	Public Power Grid Failure	Lightning strike	Island mode	No, since plant is running in normal operation autonomously.



8	General	Public failure	Lightning strike	Emergency generator is activated; provides	Basically same as scenario 1 (only
		(Turbine trip)		power to important consumers (among others):	difference: boiler is exhausted by ID fan
				- feedwater pumps	with auxiliary motor instead of main motor
				- auxiliary motor ID fan	in min speed)
				- UPS	
				Controlled plant shut-down	

Base: Main Interlock list (HZI standard)